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Top Cable

Catalogue of cables  
for electrical power distribution



[www.topcable.com](http://www.topcable.com)

Catalogue of cables for electrical power distribution



# top matic



[www.topcable.com/topmatic](http://www.topcable.com/topmatic)

Calculate the most suitable cable for your electronic installations.

Topmatic is a computer software that helps you select the most suitable cross section for your installations. It calculates the maximum voltage drop by using UNE 20460-5-523 Norm as the reference point for current ratings. Topmatic selects the best cable for every installation by calculating its main parameters precisely.

Topmatic software is definitely a useful tool for everyone who is in the electrical industry.

# eco matic



[www.topcable.com/ecomatic](http://www.topcable.com/ecomatic)

Calculate your energy savings in your electrical installations.

The Ecomatic software helps you calculate the energy you can save when choosing a bigger cross section than the one strictly necessary for installation. A bigger cross section of the conductor reduces the resistance of the circuit, hence decreasing the losses from Joule effect and optimizing the yield of the energy that you consume and pay for.

With Ecomatic, you will achieve significant energy savings and will also reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, thus protecting the environment. It is a useful tool for engineers, installers, dealers, students, etc.

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**Cable calculation App**

Now available for:

Topmatic is a computer software that helps you select the best cable for every installation, thus calculating its main parameters. The software is considering the maximum voltage drop, using UNE 20460-5-523 Norm as a reference for current ratings.

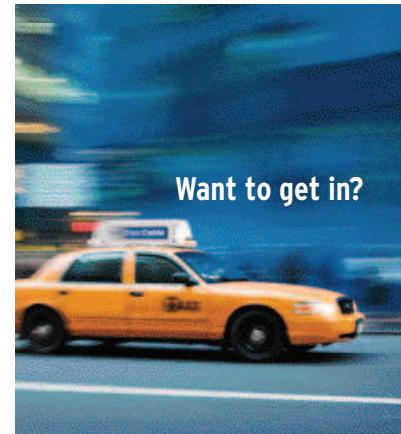
Download it for free at your App Store. More info at [marketing@topcable.com](mailto:marketing@topcable.com)

FREE DOWNLOAD



## Summary of cables

	POWER		RUBBER		CONTROL		PANELS		SPECIAL APPLICATIONS	
	STANDARDS	ASOCIATED	ASOCIADOS	ALUMINIUM	RUBBER	STANDARDS	SERIALIZED	MOBILE SERVICES	STANDARDS	ASOCIADOS
Classification										
Conductor	X	N	N	T & P	N	N	N	N	N	N
Min. temperature	-40°C	-40°C	-40°C	-40°C	-40°C	-40°C	-40°C	-40°C	-40°C	-40°C
Max. ambient	50°C	50°C	50°C	50°C	50°C	50°C	50°C	50°C	50°C	50°C
Short circuit temperature	180°C	180°C	180°C	180°C	180°C	180°C	180°C	180°C	180°C	180°C
Wire bending radius	5x	5x	5x	10x	10x	10x	10x	10x	10x	10x
Flame retardancy	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Fire resistance classification	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Low smoke emission	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Low corona gases emission	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Fire inertant	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Impact resistance	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Dust resistance	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Dry heat insulation	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Water resistance	AZT	AZT	AZD	AZB	AZT	AZD	AZB	AZB	AZD	AZB
Chemical & oil resistance	good	good	acceptabile	good	acceptabile	good	acceptabile	good	good	good
Explosion proof installations	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Electric fields resistant	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
ASL: axial AZB: azimuthal AZD: axial AZB: azimuthal AZC: axial AZC: azimuthal AZA: axial AZA: azimuthal	ASL: azimuthal		AZB: azimuthal		AZD: azimuthal		AZC: azimuthal		AZA: azimuthal	
2x, resists free and fast movement of the cable in case of fire.										



Want to get in?



Get into express service

At Top Cable, you will find a leading service that offers you efficient and reliable support.  
Get into Top Cable.



## Symbols

### ❖ Characteristics

	Nominal Voltage
	Flexible conductor
	Minimum service temperature
	Maximum service temperature
	Maximum short-circuit temperature
	Minimum bending radius
	Meter by meter marking
	Flame non-propagation
	Fire non-propagation
	Low corrosive gases emission
	Halogen free
	Low smoke emission
	Environmentally friendly
	Water resistance
	Chemical & Oil resistance
	Grease & mineral oils resistance
	Impact resistance
	Low extreme temperature resistance
	Abrasion resistance
	Torsion resistance
	UV resistant
	Estimated life span
	Outdoor installation
	Suited for explosion proof installations.
	Electric fields resistant

### ❖ Installation Conditions

	Domestic use
	Industrial use
	Light mobile service
	Industrial mobile use
	Heavy mobile use
	Open air
	In conduit
	Buried
	Submerged
	Damp environment
	Rodent proof
	Electrical panel wiring
	Crane bridges
	Photovoltaic solar installations
	Emergency circuits
	Windmills
	Welding
	Robotics
	Marine
	Deep wells
	Submersible pumps
	Domestic appliances
	Elevators
	Public places

Top Cable

Top Cable



Continuous EVOLUTION

Top Cable, is an internationally recognized manufacturer of electric cables, and is highly thought of by professional Engineers & Electricians around the world. As a multinational Corporation with offices and warehouse located around the globe, Top Cable is committed to providing the best products and services to our clients worldwide.

Teamwork has always been the key to the success of our company. Our emphasis on human capital investments has made Top Cable one of the leading cable manufacturers in Europe. In conjunction with our research team, we are committed to providing electric cables of the highest standards to our clients on a global scale.



Top Cable is committed to providing the best products and services to our clients worldwide.



Teamwork has always been the key to the success of our company.



Top Cable is one of the leading cable manufacturers in Europe.

QUALITY, a priority in Top Cable



 **Top Cable**

Top Cable's products have passed stringent standards set by both Spanish and European certifying bodies which AENOR guarantee the quality of our products. Our company strongly believes in selecting the best raw materials, adopting rigorous control systems and employing the latest technology in all our production. Our state of the art logistic warehouses in Barcelona (Spain), is one example of our commitment to providing high quality cables and excellent service to all our clients. This initiative has earned us the ISO 9001 award in 1994.



Top Cable as a trademark has become synonymous with quality worldwide.



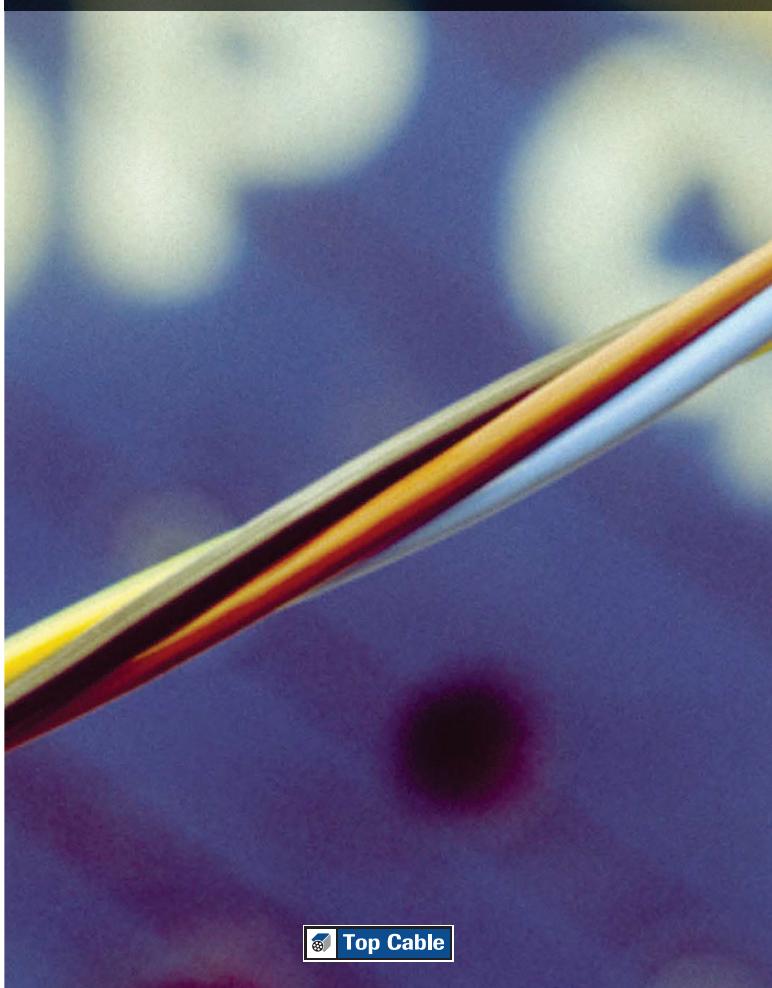
Our laboratories are equipped to carry out the most rigorous tests.



The company process control systems are guaranteed by internationally recognized Certifying bodies.

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## An INTEGRATED manufacturing process



 **Top Cable**

Top Cable was started in 1985, and since then has been focusing on investment in technology which sustains advancement through extensive research and development programmes. The aim is to continuously improve our cables and to ensure a large production capacity that can meet the various demands in the global economy. Our Top Cable Design & Development Centre and research laboratories were established to provide research work and to identify new areas of improvement that will enable us to

constantly provide high performance cables that are suited for multiple applications in various industries.

Being conscious of the importance of optimal costing, our company has opted for the integration of our processes, through focusing each of our production centers into a specialized production unit, while co-ordinating with one another to optimize common resources.



Top Cable submits all its manufacturing processes to the most stringent controls.



Being conscious of the importance of optimal costing, our company has opted for the integration of our processes.



All the centres have R&D teams with their own laboratories capable of designing and producing high quality cables for various applications.

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## Value Added SERVICE



**Top Cable**

Our company values all our clients and therefore we adhere to the philosophy of prompt customer service. To further instill the philosophy of value added service, we have invested in a state of the art logistics centre with the latest warehouse management system. This system allows our clients to draw on various cables at any stage to meet their current requirements. This sophisticated infrastructure enables our clients to save on storage, distribution and administration costs.

Selecting the best transport companies for each destination as well as the type of shipment guarantees an extension of our service to destinations further a field. A worldwide computing platform co-ordinates all the logistics activities in real time.



The Top Cable Automated logistic Centre has all the latest WMS (Warehouse Management System) technology.



At Top Cable we optimize the way in which we meet our clients requirements by saving them on multiple storage, distribution and administration costs.



Apart from our attention to detail in regard to logistics, Top Cable's sales teams offer unrivaled attention to the commercial side of the company.

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## A COMPLETE range



**Top Cable**

We manufacture a Wide range of cables ranging from control cables for specialized applications to larger power cables for medium voltage applications in various industries. We supply cables for construction projects, railway, mining, marine, aeronautical, military, OEM's and renewable energy plants. Conductors can

be manufactured in both copper and aluminium with insulating materials varying depending on the application. Every part of the cable is specifically selected and the final product is produced to the highest quality, meeting international standards such as ISO 9002, IEC and CE.



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We can speak of sales growth, benefits and assets yet this would be irrelevant without a sense of social and environmental responsibility as a company.

Top Cable is committed to protecting the environment. We strongly believe in using environmentally friendly processes in all stages of our production. One of our company's goals is to uphold Sustainable Social Development and seek to educate the public about the importance of keeping our planet green for future generations.



Top Cable



Top Cable is committed to protecting the environment.



The companies that form Top Cable have established recycling systems for the residues produced during the process of producing an electric cable.



Top Cable supports sustainable social development.

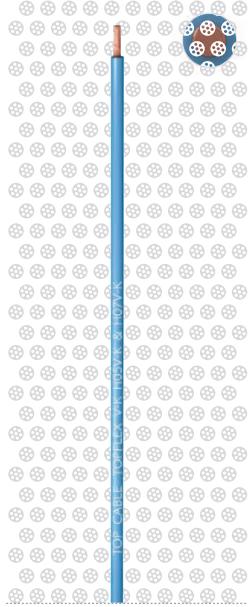
Top Cable

LOW VOLTAGE 300/500 V · 450/750 V

## TOPFLEX V-K

## H05V-K & H07V-K

Easy and safe installations.



### DESIGN

#### Conductor

Electrolytic copper, class 5 (flexible), based on EN 60228

#### Insulation

Extra sliding PVC. The standard identification is the following:

Blue	RAL 5012	Grey	RAL 7000
Brown	RAL 8003	Dark Blue	RAL 5003
Black	RAL 9005	White	RAL 9010
Red	RAL 3000	Orange	RAL 2003
Yellow/green	RAL 1021 / RAL 6018		

Other colours available upon request

#### APPLICATIONS

The Topflex H05V-K & H07V-K cable has been specially designed for installations that require a flexible cable due to the complex nature of their layout. This cable is especially suitable for domestic wiring. It may also be used for equipment wiring, distributors, cabinets and lighting. In addition, it is recommended for installation under false ceilings. Cables with cross section, up to 1 mm<sup>2</sup>, are especially suited for signalling and monitoring installations.

#### Packaging

Small cross sections (from 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> to 6 mm<sup>2</sup>) are supplied in high resistant colour boxes (see table below). Medium cross sections (from 10 mm<sup>2</sup> to 35 mm<sup>2</sup>) are supplied in 100 m sealed coils. Cross sections > 35 mm<sup>2</sup> are supplied in drums.

#### BOX COLOUR GUIDE

COLOUR	CROSS SECTION	LENGTH (M) PER BOX
Violet	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	100 m
Green	1 mm <sup>2</sup>	100 m or 200 m
Red	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	100 m or 200 m
Blue	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	100 m
Brown	4 mm <sup>2</sup>	100 m
Grey	6 mm <sup>2</sup>	100 m

#### CHARACTERISTICS

	Rated Voltage: H05V4 up to 1 mm <sup>2</sup> ; 300/500 V. H07V4 (from 12 mm <sup>2</sup> onwards) 450/750 V.
	Maximum short-circuit temperature: 160°C (max. 5 s)
	Minimum bending radius: 5 x cable diameter
	Flame non-propagation
	Minimum service temperature: -15°C
	Maximum service temperature: 70°C
	Water resistance A03 asperación

#### INSTALLATION CONDITIONS

	Domestic use
	In conduit
	Electrical panel wiring

For further technical data  
please request this cable's  
technical datasheet.

Top Cable reserves the right  
to carry out any modification  
to the data sheets whatsoever  
without giving previous notice.









**TOPWELD****H01N2-D**

The special cable for welding.



## ❖ CHARACTERISTICS

	Flexible conductor class 5		Minimum bending radius 5x cable diameter		Outdoor installation: permanent		Abrasion resistance: excellent
	-20° minimum service temperature: 30°C		Meter by meter marking		Water resistance: IP63 aspiration		Industrial use
	85° maximum service temperature 85°C		Flame non-propagation		Chemical & Oil resistance: permanent		Welding
	250° maximum short-circuit temperature: 250°C (max. 5 s)		Impact resistance AG2 medium impact		Grease & mineral oils resistance: excellent		

## ❖ INSTALLATION CONDITIONS

For further technical data  
please request this cable's  
technical datasheet.

National norm / European: EN 60332-1 International norm: IEC 60332-1

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**TOPFLAT H07VVH6-F****TOPFLAT****H07VVH6-F**

Flexibility when moving.



## ❖ CHARACTERISTICS

	Flexible conductor class 5		Minimum bending radius 25 x cable thickness		Outdoor installation: occasional		Industrial use
	0° minimum service temperature: 0°C		Meter by meter marking		Water resistance: IP66 waves		Crane bridges
	70° maximum service temperature 70°C		Flame non-propagation		Chemical & Oil resistance: good		Elevators
	160° maximum short-circuit temperature: 160°C (max. 5 s)		Impact resistance AG2 medium impact		Robotics		

## ❖ INSTALLATION CONDITIONS

For further technical data  
please request this cable's  
technical datasheet.

National norm / European: EN 60332-1 International norm: IEC 60332-1

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**TOPFLAT H07VVH6-F**

Cross section (mm²)	Dimensions (mm)	Weight (Kg/km)	Open air at 30°C (A)	Buried 20°C (A)	Voltage drop (V/A · km)
6.6 0.75	17 x 3.9	114	14	-	62.4
8.0 0.75	22 x 3.9	171	14	-	62.4
12.0 0.75	31 x 3.9	229	14	-	62.4
16.0 0.75	41 x 3.9	304	14	-	62.4
20.0 0.75	50 x 3.9	380	14	-	62.4
24.0 0.75	60 x 3.9	447	14	-	62.4
4.6 0.75	12 x 4.1	97	14	-	40.5
6.6 1	18 x 4.1	140	17	-	46.8
8.6 1	23 x 4.1	182	17	-	46.8
12.6 1	33 x 4.1	267	17	-	46.8
16.6 1	44 x 4.1	352	17	-	46.8
20.6 1	55 x 4.1	437	17	-	46.8
24.6 1	65 x 4.1	523	17	-	46.8
4.6 1.5	17 x 5.3	149	18.5	-	27.6
6.6 1.5	22 x 5.3	213	22	-	31.9
8.0 1.5	28 x 5.3	271	22	-	31.9
12.0 1.5	41 x 5.3	399	22	-	31.9
16.0 1.5*	54 x 5.3	528	22	-	31.9
4.6 2.5	21 x 5.9	219	25	-	16.6
6.6 2.5	27 x 5.9	309	30	-	19.2
8.6 2.5	34 x 5.9	399	30	-	19.2
12.6 2.5	50 x 5.9	590	30	-	19.2
4.6 4	23 x 7.0	301	34	-	10.3
4.6 6	25 x 7.2	389	43	-	6.86
4.6 10	30 x 9.3	640	60	-	3.97
4.6 16	35 x 10.5	928	80	-	2.21
4.6 25	44 x 11.5	1435	101	-	1.62
4.6 35*	48 x 14.4	1989	126	-	1.15
4.6 50*	57 x 16.3	2580	153	-	0.802
4.6 70*	62 x 17.8	3374	196	-	0.565

(\*) These cables are not covered by the reference standard, therefore they do not carry the H of harmonized.

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## POWERHARD M VVMV-K

## DIMENSIONS

Cross section (mm²)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (Kg/km)	Open Air 30°C (A)	Buried 20°C (A)	Voltage drop (V/A·km)
6 6 1,5	16,1	488	22	22	31,9
7 6 1,5	16,1	503	22	22	31,9
10 6 1,5	18,1	624	22	22	31,9
12 6 1,5	18,9	665	22	22	31,9
14 6 1,5	19,9	756	22	22	31,9
16 6 1,5	22,5	1.117	22	22	31,9
19 6 1,5	23,2	1.196	22	22	31,9
24 6 1,5	25,2	1.380	22	22	31,9
27 6 1,5	26,4	1.496	22	22	31,9
37 6 1,5	29,1	1.802	22	22	31,9
6 6 2,5	17,9	616	30	29	19,2
7 6 2,5	17,9	641	30	29	19,2
10 6 2,5	20,3	805	30	29	19,2
12 6 2,5	23,0	1.146	30	29	19,2
14 6 2,5	24,5	1.329	30	29	19,2
16 6 2,5	25,5	1.445	30	29	19,2
19 6 2,5	26,4	1.575	30	29	19,2
24 6 2,5	28,9	1.828	30	29	19,2
27 6 2,5	30,4	1.973	30	29	19,2
37 6 2,5	33,8	2.422	30	29	19,2

For further technical data  
please request this cable's  
technical datasheet.

Top Cable reserves the right  
to carry out any modification  
to the data sheets whatsoever  
without giving previous notice.



## POWERHARD

## RV AL / U-1000 AR2V

Aluminium cable for power transmission



## DESIGN

## Conductor

Aluminum, class 2 based on EN 60228

## Insulation

XLPE natural colour.

## Outer sheath

PVC, Black or grey colour.

## APPLICATIONS

This cable is suitable for all types of underground networks for public power distribution, as well as low voltage connexions in industrial plants, urban networks, buildings, etc.

Based on: UNE-HD 603-5N / NF C 32-321



## POWERHARD U-1000 / RV AL

## DIMENSIONS

Cross section (mm²)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (Kg/km)	Open Air 30°C (A)	Buried 20°C (A)	Voltage drop (V/A·km)
1 x 50	13,1	231	125	135	1,42
1 x 10	14,8	307	160	165	0,82
1 x 95	16,7	396	200	200	0,709
1 x 120	18,0	484	235	235	0,561
1 x 150	20,0	582	290	260	0,457
1 x 185	22,2	735	335	295	0,364
1 x 240	24,8	894	390	340	0,277
1 x 300	27,5	1.111	455	385	0,222
1 x 400	30,9	1.530	540	445	0,172

## CHARACTERISTICS

	Rigid aluminum conductor Class 2
	Minimum service temperature: -40°C (fixed and protected installation)
	Maximum service temperature 90°C
	Maximum short-circuit temperature: 250°C (max. 5 s)
	Impact resistance: AG2, medium impact.
	Minimum bending radius: 15x cable diameter
	Meter by meter marking
	Flame non-propagation
	Water resistance ADT immersion
	Chemical & oil resistance: good
	Buried
	In conduit

## INSTALLATION CONDITIONS

	Industrial use
	Damp environment
	Open air
	Buried
	In conduit

For further technical data  
please request this cable's  
technical datasheet.

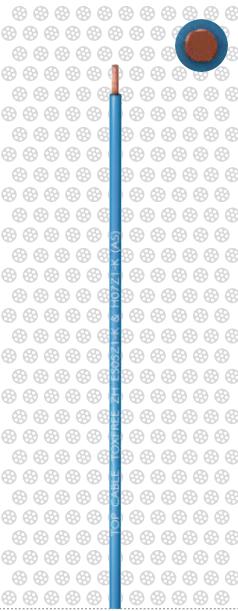
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without giving previous notice.



# TOXFREE ZH

## ES05Z1-K & H07Z1-K (AS)

Safety connections.

**DESIGN****Conductor**

Electrolytic copper, class 5 (flexible), based on EN 60228

**Insulation**

LSZH polyolefin insulation, with extra sliding properties.

The standard identification is the following:

Blue	RAL 5015
Brown	RAL 8002
Black	RAL 9011
Grey	RAL 7046
Yellow/Green	RAL 1021/6028
Red	RAL 3000
White	RAL 1013

Other colours available upon request

**APPLICATIONS**

The Toxfree ES05Z1-K & H07Z1-K (AS) halogen free single core cable is a safety cable. In the event of fire, it does not emit toxic gases, thereby protecting people. Nor does it give off corrosive gases, avoiding any possible damage to electronic equipment. For these reasons it is highly recommended for use in public places such as: hospitals, schools, museums, airports, bus terminals, shops in general, etc., as well as in computer rooms, offices, production plants, switchboard wiring, laboratories, etc.

**Packaging**

Small cross sections (from 0,75 mm<sup>2</sup> to 6 mm<sup>2</sup>) are supplied in high-resistant boxes. Medium cross sections (from 10 mm<sup>2</sup> to 35 mm<sup>2</sup>) are supplied in 100 m sealed coils. Greater cross sections (>35 mm<sup>2</sup>) are supplied in drums.

**CHARACTERISTICS**

Rated voltage: ES05Z1-K (AS) (up to 10mm <sup>2</sup> ) 300/500 V H07Z1-K (AS) (from 16mm <sup>2</sup> up wards): 450/750 V	Maximum short-circuit temperature: 160°C (max. 5 s)
Flexible conductor class 5	LSZH
Minimum bend- ing radius 5x cable diameter	Water resistance AZ drip
Low smoke emission: Light transmittance >60%	Public places
-40° Minimum service temperature: -40°C (fixed and protec- ted installation)	Cheical & Oil resistance: good
90° Maximum service temperature 90°C	Domestic use
Fire non-propagation	Marine
Environmentally friendly	In conduit
	Electrical panel wiring

**INSTALLATION CONDITIONS**For further technical data  
please request this cable's  
technical datasheet.

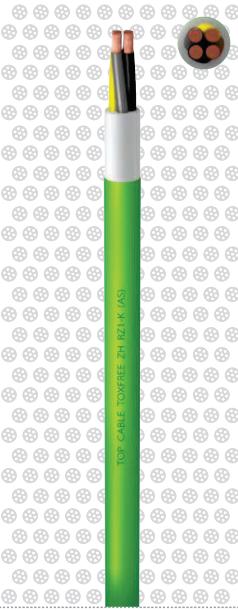
National Norm / European: EN 60332-1 / EN 60332-3 / EN 50267-1 / EN 50267-2 / EN 61034

International norm: IEC 60332-1 / IEC 60332-3 / IEC 60754-1 / IEC 60754-2 / IEC 61034

# TOXFREE ZH

## RZ1-K (AS)

The halogen free power cable.

**DESIGN****Conductor**

Electrolytic copper, class 5 (flexible), based on EN 60228

**Insulation**

XLPE.

The standard identification is the following:

1 x	Natural
2 x	Blue + Brown
3 G	Blue + Brown + Yellow/green
3 x	Brown + Black + Grey
3 x + 1 x	Brown + Black + Grey + Blue (reduced cross section)
4 G	Brown + Black + Grey + Yellow/green
4 x	Brown + Black + Grey + Blue
5 G	Brown + Black + Grey + Yellow/green + Blue

**Outer sheath**

LSZH polyolefin outer sheath. Green colour, non-toxic and fire retardant.

**APPLICATIONS**

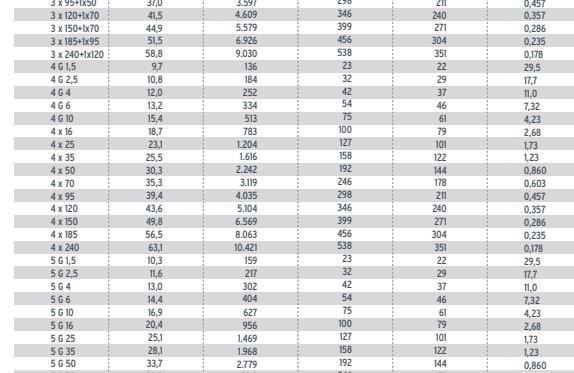
The Toxfree RZ1-K (AS) cable with zero halogens is a safety cable. In case of fire, it does not emit toxic or corrosive gases, thereby protecting public health and avoiding any possible damage to electronic equipment. For this reason, its use is highly recommended in public places such as: hospitals, schools, museums, airports, bus terminals, shops in general, tunnels, the underground, etc., as well as in calculation centres, offices, production plants, laboratories, etc.

**Packaging**

Available in rolls (lengths of 50 and 100 m) and coils.

**CHARACTERISTICS**

Flexible conductor clas 5	LSZH
Minimum bend- ing radius 5x cable diameter	Impact resistance AC2 medium impact
Meter by meter marking	Public places
Low smoke emission: Light transmittance >60%	In conduit
-40° Minimum service temperature: -40°C (fixed and protec- ted installation)	
90° Maximum service temperature 90°C	
250° Maximum short-circuit temperature: 250°C (max. 5 s)	
Fire non-propagation	
Environmentally friendly	
Chemical & Oil resistance: permanent	
Buried	

**INSTALLATION CONDITIONS**For further technical data  
please request this cable's  
technical datasheet.

National Norm / European: EN 60332-1 / EN 60332-3 / EN 50267-1 / EN 50267-2 / EN 61034

International norm: IEC 60332-1 / IEC 60332-3 / IEC 60754-1 / IEC 60754-2 / IEC 61034

## TOXFREE ZH

## Z1C4Z1-K (AS)

The halogen free screened control cable



## CHARACTERISTICS

Flexible conductor class 5
-40° Minimum service temperature: -40°C (fixed and protected installation)
70° Maximum service temperature 70°C
160° Maximum short-circuit temperature: 160°C (max. 5 s)

Minimum bending radius 5x cable diameter
Meter by meter marking
Low smoke emission: Light transmittance >60%
Flame non-propagation

LSZH
Impact resistance AG2 medium impact
Public places
In conduit

National Norm / European: EN 60332-1 / EN 60332-3 / EN 50267-1 / EN 50267-2 / EN 61034  
International norm: IEC 60332-1 / IEC 60332-3 / IEC 60754-1 / IEC 60754-2 / IEC 61034

Based on: IEC 60502



## TOXFREE ZH

## Z1Z1-K (AS)

The halogen free control cable.



## CHARACTERISTICS

Flexible conductor class 5
-40° Minimum service temperature: -40°C (fixed and protected installation)
70° Maximum service temperature 90°C
160° Maximum short-circuit temperature: 160°C (max. 5 s)

Minimum bending radius 5x cable diameter
Meter by meter marking
Low smoke emission: Light transmittance >60%
Flame non-propagation

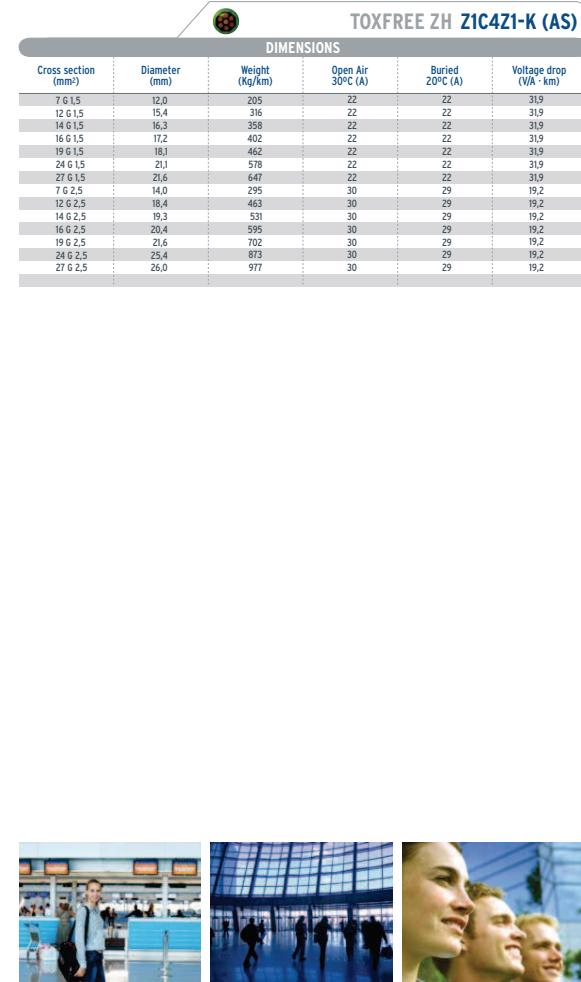
LSZH
Impact resistance AG2 medium impact
Public places
In conduit

National Norm / European: EN 60332-1 / EN 60332-3 / EN 50267-1 / EN 50267-2 / EN 61034  
International norm: IEC 60332-1 / IEC 60332-3 / IEC 60754-1 / IEC 60754-2 / IEC 61034

## TOXFREE ZH Z1C4Z1-K (AS)

## DIMENSIONS

Cross section (mm²)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (kg/km)	Open Air 30°C (A)	Buried 20°C (A)	Voltage drop (V/A · km)
7 G 1,5	12,0	205	22	22	31,9
12 G 1,5	15,4	316	22	22	31,9
12 G 2,5	16,3	358	22	22	31,9
16 G 1,5	17,2	402	22	22	31,9
16 G 2,5	18,1	462	22	22	31,9
24 G 1,5	21,6	578	22	22	31,9
24 G 2,5	21,6	647	22	22	31,9
7 G 2,5	14,0	295	30	29	19,2
12 G 2,5	18,4	463	30	29	19,2
14 G 2,5	19,3	531	30	29	19,2
16 G 2,5	20,4	595	30	29	19,2
19 G 2,5	21,6	702	30	29	19,2
24 G 2,5	25,4	873	30	29	19,2
27 G 2,5	26,0	977	30	29	19,2



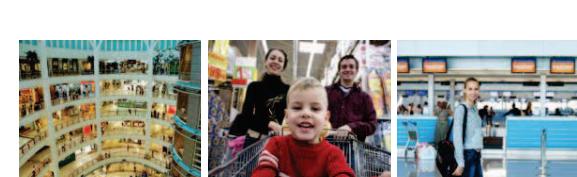
For further technical data please request this cable's technical datasheet.

Top Cable reserves the right to carry out any modification to the data sheets whatsoever without giving previous notice.

## TOXFREE ZH Z1Z1-K (AS)

## DIMENSIONS

Cross section (mm²)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (kg/km)	Open Air 30°C (A)	Buried 20°C (A)	Voltage drop (V/A · km)
7 G 1,5	11,5	199	22	22	31,9
12 G 1,5	14,9	308	22	22	31,9
14 G 1,5	15,8	354	22	22	31,9
16 G 1,5	16,6	397	22	22	31,9
16 G 2,5	17,5	450	22	22	31,9
24 G 1,5	20,8	569	22	22	31,9
24 G 2,5	21,0	601	22	22	31,9
7 G 2,5	13,3	282	30	29	19,2
12 G 2,5	17,7	462	30	29	19,2
14 G 2,5	18,7	523	30	29	19,2
16 G 2,5	19,5	578	30	29	19,2
19 G 2,5	20,9	680	30	29	19,2
24 G 2,5	23,5	807	30	29	19,2
27 G 2,5	24,4	913	30	29	19,2



For further technical data please request this cable's technical datasheet.

Top Cable reserves the right to carry out any modification to the data sheets whatsoever without giving previous notice.





## TOXFREE ZH



## XZ1 (S) AL

Aluminium non-flame propagator cable for power transmission

## DESIGN

## Conductor

Aluminium, class 2 based on EN 60228

## Insulation

XLPE natural colour.

## Outer sheath

LSZH polyolefin, black colour.

## APPLICATIONS

The aluminium cable Toxfree ZH XZ1 (S) is suitable for public low voltage power distribution. This cable is a non flame propagator and LSZH. For use indoors, outdoors and buried.

DIMENSIONS					
Cross section (mm²)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (Kg/km)	Open Air 30°C (A)	Buried 20°C (A)	Voltage drop (V/A · km)
1 x 10,5	10,5	128	88	95	2,66
1 x 35	13	157	100	110	1,92
1 x 50	12,9	203	125	135	1,42
1 x 70	14,9	279	160	165	0,903
1 x 95	16,3	353	200	200	0,709
1 x 120	17,8	444	235	225	0,561
1 x 150	19,6	528	290	260	0,457
1 x 185	22,2	665	335	295	0,364
1 x 240	24,4	833	390	340	0,277

## CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTICS		INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	
Rigid aluminum conductor, class 2	Minimum bending radius 15x cable diameter	Low smoke emission: Light transmittance >60%	Water resistance AD3 asperion
-40° Minimum service temperature: -40°C (fixed and protected)	Meter by meter marking	Chemical & Oil resistance: acceptable	Public places
90° Maximum service temperature 90°C	Flame non-propagation	Impact resistance AG2 medium impact	Industrial use
250° Maximum short-circuit temperature: 250°C (max. 5 s)	LSZH	Environmentally friendly	Open air
			Buried

Norma nacional / Europea: EN 60332-1 / EN 50267-1 / EN 50267-2 / EN 61034

Norma Internacional: IEC 60332-1 / IEC 60754-1 / IEC 60754-2 / IEC 61034

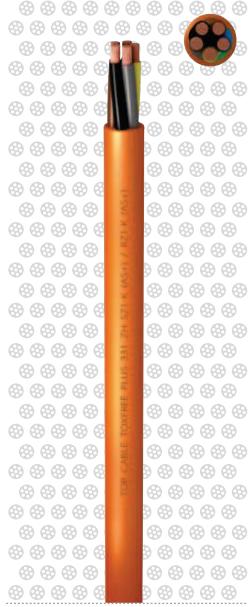
For further technical data please request this cable's technical datasheet.



## TOXFREE PLUS 331 ZH

## SZ1-K (AS+) / RZ1-K (AS+)

The fire resistant power cable



## DESIGN

## Conductor

Electrolytic copper, class 5 (flexible), based on EN 60228

## Insulation

Preferred constructions:

SZ1-K: Silicone rubber up to 4 mm²

RZ1-K: Mica tape + XLPE from 6 mm²

The standard identification is the following:

- 1 x ..... Natural
- 2 x ..... Blue + Brown
- 3 G ..... Blue + Brown + Yellow/green
- 4 G ..... Brown + Black + Grey + Yellow/green
- 5 G ..... Brown + Black + Grey + Yellow/green + Blue

## Outer sheath

LSZH polyolefin outer sheath, orange colour.

## APPLICATIONS

The Toxfree Plus 331 ZH SZ1-K (AS+) / RZ1-K (AS+) is specially designed to transmit electric power in extrem conditions such as during a fire. Where it is necessary to ensure the power supply to emergency circuits, signaling lights, fume extractors, acoustic alarms, water pumps, etc. In case of fire, it does not emit toxic or corrosive gases, thereby protecting public health and avoiding any possible damage to electronic equipment. For this reason, its use is highly recommended in public places such as: hospitals, schools, museums, airports, bus terminals, shops in general, tunnels, the underground, etc., as well as in, offices, production plants, laboratories, etc.

## CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTICS		INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	
Flexible conductor, class 5	Minimum bending radius 5x cable diameter	Fire resistant 120 min at 840° PH2O	Impact resistance AG2 medium impact
-40° Minimum service temperature: -40°C (fixed and protected)	Meter by meter marking	LSZH	Emergency circuits
90° Maximum service temperature 90°C	Flame non-propagation	Low smoke emission: Light transmittance >60%	Buried
250° Maximum short-circuit temperature: 250°C (max. 5 s)	Fire non-propagation	Water resistance AD3 asperion	In conduit

For further technical data please request this cable's technical datasheet.

Top Cable reserves the right to carry out any modification to the data sheets whatsoever without giving previous notice.



# TOXFREE ZH XTREM

## H07ZZ-F (AS)

The extra-flexible LSZH rubber cable.



### DESIGN

#### Conductor

Electrolytic copper, class 5 (flexible), based on EN 60228

#### Insulation

LSZH Rubber (type El18).

The standard identification is the following:

1 x	Natural
2 x	Brown + Blue
3 G	Brown + Blue + amarillo/verde
4 G	Brown + Black + Grey + Yellow/green
5 G	Brown + Black + Grey + Blue + Yellow/green

#### Outer sheath

LSZH thermosetting rubber (type EM8). Black colour.

### APPLICATIONS

Flexible cable for mobile service, suitable for installations where low smoke and halogen free fumes under fire conditions are required. Suitable for installations where the cable must withstand medium mechanical stress, for machines in industrial and agricultural workshops, for motors and transportable machines on construction sites, for windmills and for agricultural applications.

## TOXFREE ZH XTREM H07ZZ-F (AS)

### DIMENSIONS

Cross section (mm²)	Diameter (mm)	Weight (kg/km)	Open Air 30°C (A)	Buried 20°C (A)	Voltage drop (V/A · km)
1 x 6	8.2	114	43	-	6,86
1 x 10	9.9	177	60	-	3,97
1 x 16	11.2	253	82	-	2,51
1 x 25	13.1	366	110	-	1,62
1 x 35	14.7	482	137	-	1,15
1 x 50	17.1	670	167	-	0,802
1 x 70	19.2	892	216	-	0,565
1 x 95	21.7	1122	264	-	0,428
1 x 120	23.8	1425	308	-	0,335
1 x 150	26.2	1766	356	-	0,268
1 x 185	28.8	2126	409	-	0,220
1 x 240	32.0	2733	485	-	0,166
1 x 300	34.9	3356	561	-	0,133
2 x 1	8.3	91	17	-	46,8
2 x 1,5	9.7	166	22	-	31,9
2 x 2,5	10.4	158	30	-	19,2
2 x 4	12.0	219	40	-	11,9
2 x 6	13.5	288	51	-	7,92
2 x 10	17.8	504	70	-	4,58
2 x 16	21.4	726	94	-	2,90
2 x 25	25.5	1058	119	-	1,87
3 G 1	8.8	109	17	-	46,8
3 G 1,5	9.7	136	22	-	31,9
3 G 2,5	11.4	197	30	-	19,2
3 G 4	13.0	272	40	-	11,9
3 G 6	14.3	354	51	-	7,92
3 G 10	19.8	646	70	-	4,58
3 G 16	22.4	891	94	-	2,90
3 G 25	26.8	1308	119	-	1,87
3 G 35	26.2	1699	148	-	1,23
3 G 50	35.4	2393	180	-	0,926
3 G 70	39.6	3155	232	-	0,653
4 G 1	9.7	133	14	-	40,5
4 G 1,5	10,6	167	18,5	-	27,6
4 G 2,5	12,6	243	25	-	16,6
4 G 4	14,5	340	34	-	10,3
4 G 6	16,3	458	43	-	6,86
4 G 10	21,3	789	60	-	3,97
4 G 16	24,3	1101	80	-	2,51
4 G 25	30,2	1680	101	-	1,62
4 G 35	33,3	2176	126	-	1,15
4 G 50	38,6	3019	153	-	0,802
4 G 70	43,1	3995	196	-	0,565
4 G 95	50,5	5260	238	-	0,428
5 G 1	10,5	160	14	-	40,5
5 G 1,5	11,6	205	18,5	-	27,6
5 G 2,5	13,9	295	25	-	16,6
5 G 4	16,3	435	34	-	10,3
5 G 6	17,9	554	43	-	6,86
5 G 10	23,6	975	60	-	3,97
5 G 16	27,3	1376	80	-	2,51
5 G 25	33,0	2053	101	-	1,62

For further technical data  
please request this cable's  
technical datasheet.



# TOXFREE ZH

## XTREM DZ-K (AS)

The 1.000 V rubber LSZH cable for fixed installations



### DESIGN

#### Conductor

Electrolytic copper, class 5 (flexible), based on IEC 60228

#### Insulation

Thermosetting rubber (type EPR)

#### Outer sheath

LSZH thermosetting rubber (type EM8). Black colour.

### APPLICATIONS

Flexible LSZH cable for fixed installations. Suitable for transport and distribution of electric power. This cable is manufactured with flexible conductors in order to facilitate installations with complex layouts. For indoor and outdoor use.



### CHARACTERISTICS

INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	
Flexible conductor class 5	LSZH
Minimum bending radius 5 x cable diameter	Impact resistance AG2 medium impact
Meter by meter marking	Public places
Low smoke emission: Light transmittance >60%	Windmills
Outdoor installation: permanent	Open air
Flame non-propagation	Damp environment
Low corrosive gases emission	Industrial use
Water resistance AD7 immersion	Heavy mobile use
Chemical & Oil resistance: excellent	Environmental friendly

## TOXFREE ZH



## XTREM DZ-F (AS)

The 1.000 V LSZH rubber cable for heavy duty

### DESIGN

#### Conductor

Electrolytic copper, class 5 (flexible), based on IEC 60228

#### Insulation

Thermosetting rubber (type EPR). Style 3775.

#### Outer sheath

LSZH thermosetting rubber (type EM8). Style 21465. Black colour.

### APPLICATIONS

Flexible LSZH cable for mobile installations. Suitable for transport and distribution of electric power. This cable is manufactured with flexible conductors in order to facilitate installations with complex layouts.. For indoor and outdoor use.

### CHARACTERISTICS

Flexible conductor class 5	Minimum bending radius 5 x cable diameter	LSZH	Impact resistance AG2 medium impact	Public places	Windmills
-40°C (fixed and protected installation)	Meter by meter marking	Low smoke emission: Light transmittance >60%	Outdoor installation: permanent	Industrial use	Open air
90°C	Flame non-propagation	Low corrosive gases emission	Water resistance AD7 immersion	Industrial mobile use	Damp environment
250° short-circuit temperature: 250°C (max. 5 s)	Fire non-propagation	Environmentally friendly	Chemical & Oil resistance: excellent	Heavy mobile use	

Norma nacional / Europea: EN 60332-1 / EN 60332-3 / EN 50267-1 / EN 50267-2 / EN 61034

Norma Internacional: IEC 60332-1 / IEC 60332-3 / IEC 60754-1 / IEC 60754-2 / IEC 61034



## TOPSOLAR PV

## ZZ-F

Cables for photovoltaic solar installations



### DESIGN

#### Conductor

Class 5 tinned copper, based on EN 60228

#### Insulation

LSZH thermosetting Rubber (El6 type)

#### Outer sheath

LSZH thermosetting rubber (type EM8). Red or black colour.

### APPLICATIONS

Flexible cables for mobile service and for fixed installations. Specially designed for the connection of photovoltaic panels.

#### Packaging

Available in rolls (lengths of 50 and 100 m) and coils.



### CHARACTERISTICS

Flexible conductor class 5/6	Minimum bending radius 3 x cable diameter	Impact resistance AG2 medium impact	UV resistant	Photovoltaics solar installations
-40°C (fixed and protected installation)	Meter by meter marking	Water resistance AD7 immersion	Estimated lifetime 30 years	Open air
120°C	Flame non-propagation	Chemical & Oil resistance: good	Grease & mineral oils resistance: excellent	
250° short-circuit temperature: 250°C (max. 5 s)	Outdoor installation: occasional	Low extreme temperature resistance: excellent	Abrasion resistance: excellent	

### INSTALLATION CONDITIONS

TOPSOLAR PV ZZ-F						
Sección (mm²)	Diámetro (mm)	Weight (Kg/km)	Open Air (A)	inst. on surface (A)	inst. adjoining to surface (A)	Voltage drop (V/A · km)
1x1.5	4.9	40	50	29	24	33.0
1x2.5	5.0	45	41	39	33	23.0
1x4	5.6	61	55	52	44	14.3
1x6	6.2	80	70	67	57	9.49
1x10	7.2	125	98	93	79	5.46
1x16	8.2	180	132	125	107	3.47
1x25	10.8	294	176	167	142	2.23
1x35	11.9	390	218	207	176	1.58

For further technical data please request this cable's technical datasheet.

Top Cable reserves the right to carry out any modification to the data sheets whatsoever without giving previous notice.









## METHODS OF INSTALLATION

Table A.52.3 – Examples of methods of installation providing instructions for obtaining current-carrying capacity

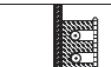
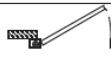
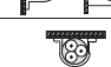
Item No.	Methods of Installation	Description	Reference method of installation to be used to obtain current-carrying capacity (see Annex B)
1		Insulated conductors or single-core cables in conduit in a thermally insulated wall <sup>a, c</sup>	A1
2		Multi-core cables in conduit in a thermally insulated wall <sup>a, c</sup>	A2
3		Multi-core cable direct in a thermally insulated wall <sup>a, c</sup>	A1
4		Insulated conductors or single-core cables in conduit on a wooden or masonry wall or spaced less than 0,3 × conduit diameter from it <sup>c</sup>	B1
5		Multi-core cable in conduit on a wooden or masonry wall or spaced less than 0,3 × conduit diameter from it <sup>c</sup>	B2
6		Insulated conductors or single-core cables in cable trunking (includes multi-compartment trunking) on a wooden or masonry wall – run horizontally <sup>b</sup> – run vertically <sup>b, c</sup>	B1
7		Multi-core cable in cable trunking (includes multi-compartment trunking) on a wooden or masonry wall – run horizontally <sup>b</sup> – run vertically <sup>b, c</sup>	B1
8		Multi-core cable in cable trunking (includes multi-compartment trunking) on a wooden or masonry wall – run horizontally <sup>b</sup> – run vertically <sup>b, c</sup>	Under consideration <sup>d</sup> Method B2 may be used
9		Multi-core cable in cable trunking (includes multi-compartment trunking) on a wooden or masonry wall – run horizontally <sup>b</sup> – run vertically <sup>b, c</sup>	Under consideration <sup>d</sup> Method B2 may be used

NOTE 1 The illustrations are not intended to depict actual product or installation practices but are indicative of the method described.

NOTE 2 All footnotes can be found on the last page of Table A.52.3.

## METHODS OF INSTALLATION

Table A.52.3 (continued)

Item No.	Methods of Installation	Description	Reference method of installation to be used to obtain current-carrying capacity (see Annex B)
10		Insulated conductors or single-core cable in suspended cable trunking <sup>a</sup>	B1
11		Multi-core cable in suspended cable trunking <sup>a</sup>	B2
12		Insulated conductors or single-core cable in mouldings <sup>a, e</sup>	A1
15		Insulated conductors or single-core or multi-core cable in architrave <sup>a, f</sup>	A1
16		Insulated conductors or single-core or multi-core cable in window frames <sup>a, f</sup>	A1
20		Single-core or multi-core cables: – fixed on, or spaced less than 0,3 × cable diameter from a wooden or masonry wall <sup>g</sup>	C
21		Single-core or multi-core cables: – fixed directly under a wooden or masonry ceiling	C, with item 3 of Table B.52.17
22		Single-core or multi-core cables: – spaced from a ceiling	Under consideration Method E may be used
23		Fixed installation of suspended current-using equipment	C, with item 3 of Table B.52.17

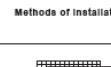
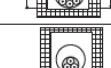
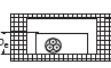
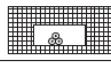
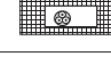
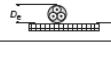
## METHODS OF INSTALLATION

## METHODS OF INSTALLATION

Table A.52.3 (continued)

Item No.	Methods of Installation	Description	Reference method of installation to be used to obtain current-carrying capacity (see Annex B)
30		Single-core or multi-core cables: On unperforated tray run horizontally or vertically <sup>b, h</sup>	C with item 2 of Table B.52.17
31		Single-core or multi-core cables: On perforated tray run horizontally or vertically <sup>b, h</sup>	E or F
		NOTE Refer to B.52.6.2 for description	
32		Single-core or multi-core cables: On brackets or a wire mesh tray run horizontally or vertically <sup>b, h</sup>	E or F
33		Single-core or multi-core cables: Spaced more than 0,3 times cable diameter from a wall	E or F or method G <sup>g</sup>
34		Single-core or multi-core cables: On ladder <sup>e</sup>	E or F
35		Single-core or multi-core cable suspended from or incorporating a support wire or harness	E or F
36		Bare or insulated conductors on insulators	G

Table A.52.3 (continued)

Item No.	Methods of Installation	Description	Reference method of installation to be used to obtain current-carrying capacity (see Annex B)
40		Single-core or multi-core cable in a building void <sup>a, i, j</sup>	1,5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 5 D <sub>e</sub> B2 5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 20 D <sub>e</sub> B1
41		Insulated conductor in conduit in a building void <sup>a, l, i, k</sup>	1,5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 20 D <sub>e</sub> B2 V ≥ 20 D <sub>e</sub> B1
42		Single-core or multi-core cable in conduit in a building void <sup>a, k</sup>	Under consideration The following may be used: 1,5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 20 D <sub>e</sub> B2 V ≥ 20 D <sub>e</sub> B1
43		Insulated conductors in cable ducting in a building void <sup>a, l, i, k</sup>	1,5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 20 D <sub>e</sub> B2 V ≥ 20 D <sub>e</sub> B1
44		Single-core or multi-core cable in cable ducting in a building void <sup>a, k</sup>	Under consideration The following may be used: 1,5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 20 D <sub>e</sub> B2 V ≥ 20 D <sub>e</sub> B1
45		Insulated conductors in cable ducting in masonry having a thermal resistivity not greater than 2 K·m/W <sup>a, i, k</sup>	1,5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 5 D <sub>e</sub> B2 5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 20 D <sub>e</sub> B1
46		Single-core or multi-core cable in cable ducting in masonry having a thermal resistivity not greater than 2 K·m/W <sup>a</sup>	Under consideration The following may be used: 1,5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 20 D <sub>e</sub> B2 V ≥ 20 D <sub>e</sub> B1
47		Single-core or multi-core cable: – in a ceiling void, – in a raised floor <sup>i, l</sup>	1,5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 5 D <sub>e</sub> B2 5 D <sub>e</sub> ≤ V < 20 D <sub>e</sub> B1

## METHODS OF INSTALLATION

## METHODS OF INSTALLATION

Table A.52.3 (continued)

Item No.	Methods of installation	Description	Reference method of installation to be used to obtain current-carrying capacity (see Annex B)
50		Insulated conductors or single-core cable in flush cable trunking in the floor	B1
51		Multi-core cable in flush cable trunking in the floor	B2
52		Insulated conductors or single-core cables in flush cable trunking <sup>a</sup>	B1
53		Multi-core cable in flush trunking <sup>a</sup>	B2
54		Insulated conductors or single-core cables in conduit in an unventilated cable channel run horizontally or vertically <sup>b, c, d</sup>	$1.5 D_e \leq V < 20 D_e$ B2 $V \geq 20 D_e$ B1
55		Insulated conductors in conduit in an open or ventilated cable channel in the floor <sup>e, f</sup>	B1
56		Sheathed single-core or multi-core cable in an open or ventilated cable channel run horizontally or vertically <sup>a</sup>	B1
57		Single-core or multi-core cable direct in masonry having a thermal resistivity not greater than $2 \text{ K} \cdot \text{m/W}$ Without added mechanical protection <sup>g, h</sup>	C

Table A.52.3 (continued)

Item No.	Methods of installation	Description	Reference method of installation to be used to obtain current-carrying capacity (see Annex B)
58		Single-core or multi-core cable direct in masonry having a thermal resistivity not greater than $2 \text{ K} \cdot \text{m/W}$ With added mechanical protection <sup>g, h</sup>	C
59		Insulated conductors or single-core cables in conduit in masonry <sup>i</sup>	B1
60		Multi-core cables in conduit in masonry <sup>i</sup>	B2
70		Multi-core cable in conduit or in cable ducting in the ground	D1
71		Single-core cable in conduit or in cable ducting in the ground	D1
72		Sheathed single-core or multi-core cables direct in the ground – without added mechanical protection <sup>g</sup>	D2

## METHODS OF INSTALLATION

## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

Table A.52.3 (continued)

Item No.	Methods of installation	Description	Reference method of installation to be used to obtain current-carrying capacity (see Annex B)
73		Sheathed single-core or multi-core cables direct in the ground – with added mechanical protection <sup>g</sup>	D2

- <sup>a</sup> The inner skin of the wall has a thermal conductance of not less than  $10 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}$ .
- <sup>b</sup> Values given for installation methods B1 and B2 in Annex B are for a single circuit. Where there is more than one circuit in the trunking the group reduction factor given in Table B.52-17 is applicable. Irrespective of the presence of an internal barrier or partition.
- <sup>c</sup> Care shall be taken where the cable runs vertically and ventilation is restricted. The ambient temperature at the top of the vertical section can be increased considerably. The matter is under consideration.
- <sup>d</sup> Values for reference method B2 may be used.
- <sup>e</sup> The thermal resistivity of the enclosure is assumed to be poor because of the material of construction and possible air spaces. Where the construction is thermally equivalent to methods of installation 6 or 7, reference method B1 may be used.
- <sup>f</sup> The thermal resistivity of the enclosure is assumed to be poor because of the material of construction and possible air spaces. Where the construction is thermally equivalent to methods of installation 6, 7, 8, or 9, reference methods B1 or B2 may be used.
- <sup>g</sup> The factors in Table B.52-17 may also be used.
- <sup>h</sup>  $D_e$  is the external diameter of a multi-core cable:  
-  $2.2 \times$  the cable diameter when three single core cables are bound in trefoil,  
-  $3 \times$  the cable diameter when three single core cables are laid in flat formation.
- <sup>i</sup>  $V$  is the smaller dimension or diameter of a masonry duct or void, or the vertical depth of a rectangular duct, floor or ceiling void or channel. The depth of the channel is more important than the width.
- <sup>j</sup>  $D_c$  is the external diameter of conduit or vertical depth of cable ducting.
- <sup>k</sup>  $D_e$  is the external diameter of the conduit.
- <sup>l</sup> For multi-core cable installed in method 55, use current-carrying capacity for reference method B2.
- <sup>m</sup> It is recommended that these methods of installation are used only in areas where access is restricted to authorized persons so that the reduction in current-carrying capacity and the fire hazard due to the accumulation of debris can be prevented.
- <sup>n</sup> For cables having conductors not greater than  $16 \text{ mm}^2$ , the current-carrying capacity may be higher.
- <sup>o</sup> Thermal resistivity of masonry is not greater than  $2 \text{ K} \cdot \text{m/W}$ . the term "masonry" is taken to include brickwork, concrete, plaster and the like (other than thermally insulating materials).
- <sup>p</sup> The inclusion of directly buried cables in this item is satisfactory when the soil thermal resistivity is of the order of  $2.5 \text{ K} \cdot \text{m/W}$ . For lower soil resistivities, the current-carrying capacity for directly buried cables is appreciably higher than for cables in ducts.

Table B.52.1 – Installation reference methods forming basis of tabulated current-carrying capacities

Reference method of installation	Table and column							
	Current-carrying capacities for single circuits				Number of cores		Ambient temperature factor	Group reduction factor
	Thermoplastic insulated	Thermosetting insulated	Mineral insulated					
	2	3	2	3	2 and 3	8	9	
	A1	B.52.2 Col. 2	B.52.4 Col. 2	B.52.3 Col. 2	B.52.5 Col. 2	–	B.52.14	B.52.17
	A2	B.52.2 Col. 3	B.52.4 Col. 3	B.52.3 Col. 3	B.52.5 Col. 3	–	B.52.14	B.52.17 except D (Table B.52.19 applies)
	B1	B.52.2 Col. 4	B.52.4 Col. 4	B.52.3 Col. 4	B.52.5 Col. 4	–	B.52.14	B.52.17
	B2	B.52.2 Col. 5	B.52.4 Col. 5	B.52.3 Col. 5	B.52.5 Col. 5	–	B.52.14	B.52.17
	C	B.52.2 Col. 6	B.52.4 Col. 6	B.52.3 Col. 6	B.52.5 Col. 6	70 °C Sheath B.52.6 105 °C Sheath B.52.7	B.52.14	B.52.17
	D	B.52.2 Col. 7	B.52.4 Col. 7	B.52.3 Col. 7	B.52.5 Col. 7	–	B.52.15	B.52.19
	D2	Col 8				Col 8	Col 8	Col 8
	E	Copper B.52.10 Aluminium B.52.11	Copper B.52.12 Aluminium B.52.13	Copper B.52.10 Aluminium B.52.11	Copper B.52.12 Aluminium B.52.13	70 °C Sheath B.52.6 105 °C Sheath B.52.9	B.52.14	B.52.20
	F	Copper B.52.10	Copper B.52.12	Copper B.52.10 Aluminium B.52.11	Copper B.52.12 Aluminium B.52.13	70 °C Sheath B.52.6 105 °C Sheath B.52.9	B.52.14	B.52.21
	G	Copper B.52.10 Aluminium B.52.11	Copper B.52.12 Aluminium B.52.13	Copper B.52.10 Aluminium B.52.11	Copper B.52.12 Aluminium B.52.13	70 °C Sheath B.52.6 105 °C Sheath B.52.9	B.52.14	–



## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

**Table B.52.6 – Current-carrying capacities in amperes for installation method C of Table B.52.1 – Mineral insulation, copper conductors and sheath – PVC covered or bare exposed to touch (see note 2) – Metallic sheath temperature: 70 °C, reference ambient temperature: 30 °C**

Nominal cross-sectional area of conductor mm <sup>2</sup>	Number and arrangement of conductors for method C of Table B.52.1		
	Two loaded conductors twin or single-core	Three loaded conductors	
	Multicore or single-core in trefoil formation	Single-core in flat formation	
1			
500 V			
1,5	23	19	21
2,5	31	26	29
4	40	35	38
750 V			
1,5	25	21	23
2,5	34	28	31
4	45	37	41
6	57	48	52
10	77	65	70
16	102	86	92
25	133	112	120
35	163	137	147
50	202	169	181
70	247	207	221
95	296	249	264
120	340	286	303
150	388	327	346
185	440	371	392
240	514	434	457

NOTE 1 For single-core cables the sheaths of the cables of the circuit are connected together at both ends.

NOTE 2 For bare cables exposed to touch, values should be multiplied by 0,9.

NOTE 3 The values of 500 V and 750 V are the rated voltage of the cable.

**Table B.52.7 – Current-carrying capacities in amperes for installation method C of Table B.52.1 – Mineral insulation, copper conductors and sheath – Bare cable not exposed to touch and not in contact with combustible material – Metallic sheath temperature: 105 °C, reference ambient temperature: 30 °C**

Nominal cross-sectional area of conductor mm <sup>2</sup>	Number and arrangement of conductors for method C of Table B.52.1		
	Two loaded conductors twin or single-core	Three loaded conductors	
	Multicore or single-core in trefoil formation	Single-core in flat formation	
1			
500 V			
1,5	28	24	27
2,5	38	33	36
4	51	44	47
750 V			
1,5	31	26	30
2,5	42	35	41
4	55	47	53
6	70	59	67
10	96	81	91
16	127	107	119
25	166	140	154
35	203	171	187
50	251	212	230
70	307	260	280
95	369	312	334
120	424	359	383
150	485	410	435
185	550	465	492
240	643	544	572

NOTE 1 For single-core cables, the sheaths of the cables of the circuit are connected together at both ends.

NOTE 2 No correction for grouping need be applied.

NOTE 3 For this table reference method C refers to a masonry wall because the high sheath temperature is not normally acceptable for a wooden wall.

NOTE 4 The values of 500 V and 750 V are the rated voltage of the cable.

## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

**Table B.52.8 – Current-carrying capacities in amperes for installation methods E, F and G of Table B.52.1 – Mineral insulation, copper conductors and sheath/PVC covered or bare exposed to touch (see note 2) – Metallic sheath temperature: 70 °C, reference ambient temperature: 30 °C**

Nominal cross-sectional area of conductor mm <sup>2</sup>	Number and arrangement of cables for methods E, F and G of Table B.52.1				
	Two loaded conductors twin or single-core		Three loaded conductors		
	Method E or F	Method E or F	Multi-core or single-core touching	Method F	Single-core flat vertical spaced
1					
500 V					
1,5	25	21	23	26	29
2,5	33	28	31	34	39
4	44	37	41	45	51
750 V					
1,5	26	22	26	28	32
2,5	36	30	34	37	43
4	47	40	45	49	56
6	60	51	57	62	71
10	82	69	77	84	95
16	109	92	102	110	125
25	142	120	132	142	162
35	174	147	161	173	197
50	215	182	198	213	242
70	264	223	241	259	294
95	317	267	289	309	351
120	364	308	331	353	402
150	416	352	377	400	454
185	472	399	426	446	507
240	552	466	496	497	565

NOTE 1 For single-core cables the sheaths of the cables of the circuit are connected together at both ends.

NOTE 2 For bare cables exposed to touch, values should be multiplied by 0,9.

NOTE 3 D<sub>e</sub> is the external diameter of the cable.

NOTE 4 The values of 500 V and 750 V are the rated voltage of the cable.

**Table B.52.9 – Current-carrying capacities in amperes for installation methods E, F and G of Table B.52.1 – Mineral insulation, copper conductors and sheath – Bare cable not exposed to touch (see note 2) – Metallic sheath temperature: 105 °C, reference ambient temperature: 30 °C**

Nominal cross-sectional area of conductor mm <sup>2</sup>	Number and arrangement of cables for methods E, F and G of Table B.52.1				
	Two loaded conductors, twin or single-core		Three loaded conductors		
	Method E or F	Method E or F	Multi-core or single-core in trefoil formation	Method F	Single-core touching
1					
500 V					
1,5	31	26	29	33	37
2,5	41	35	39	43	49
4	54	46	51	56	64
750 V					
1,5	33	28	32	35	40
2,5	45	38	43	47	54
4	60	50	56	61	70
6	76	64	71	78	89
10	104	87	96	105	120
16	137	115	127	137	157
25	179	150	164	178	204
35	220	184	200	216	248
50	272	228	247	266	304
70	333	279	300	323	370
95	400	335	359	385	441
120	460	385	411	441	505
150	526	441	469	498	565
185	596	500	530	557	629
240	697	584	617	624	704

NOTE 1 For single-core cables the sheaths of the cables of the circuit are connected together at both ends.

NOTE 2 No correction for grouping need be applied.

NOTE 3 D<sub>e</sub> is the external diameter of the cable.

NOTE 4 The values of 500 V and 750 V are the rated voltage of the cable.



## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

**Table B.52.14 – Correction factor for ambient air temperatures other than 30 °C to be applied to the current-carrying capacities for cables in the air**

Ambient temperature <sup>a</sup> °C	Insulation					
	PVC		XLPE and EPR			
	Mineral <sup>b</sup>		PVC covered or bare and exposed to touch 70 °C			
10	1,22	1,15	1,26	1,14		
15	1,17	1,12	1,20	1,11		
20	1,12	1,08	1,14	1,07		
25	1,06	1,04	1,07	1,04		
30	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00		
35	0,94	0,96	0,93	0,96		
40	0,87	0,91	0,85	0,92		
45	0,79	0,87	0,78	0,88		
50	0,71	0,82	0,67	0,84		
55	0,61	0,76	0,57	0,80		
60	0,50	0,71	0,45	0,75		
65	–	0,65	–	0,70		
70	–	0,58	–	0,65		
75	–	0,50	–	0,60		
80	–	0,41	–	0,54		
85	–	–	–	0,47		
90	–	–	–	0,40		
95	–	–	–	0,32		

<sup>a</sup> For higher ambient temperatures, consult the manufacturer.

## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

**Table B.52.15 – Correction factors for ambient ground temperatures other than 20 °C to be applied to the current-carrying capacities for cables in ducts in the ground**

Ground temperature °C	Insulation	
	PVC	XLPE and EPR
10	1,10	1,07
15	1,05	1,04
20	1,00	1,00
25	0,95	0,96
30	0,89	0,93
35	0,84	0,89
40	0,77	0,85
45	0,71	0,80
50	0,63	0,76
55	0,55	0,71
60	0,45	0,65
65	–	0,60
70	–	0,53
75	–	0,46
80	–	0,38

**Table B.52.16 – Correction factors for cables buried direct in the ground or in buried ducts for soil thermal resistivities other than 2,5 K·m/W to be applied to the current-carrying capacities for reference method D**

Thermal resistivity, K·m/W	0,5	0,7	1	1,5	2	2,5	3
Correction factor for cables in buried ducts	1,26	1,20	1,16	1,1	1,05	1	0,96
Correction factor for direct buried cables	1,86	1,62	1,5	1,28	1,12	1	0,90

NOTE 1 The correction factors given have been averaged over the range of conductor sizes and types of installation included in Tables B.52.2 to B.52.5. The overall accuracy of correction factors is within  $\pm 5\%$ .

NOTE 2 The correction factors are applicable to cables drawn into buried ducts; for cables laid direct in the ground the correction factors for thermal resistivities less than 2,5 K·m/W will be higher. Where more precise values are required they may be calculated by methods given in the IEC 60287 series.

NOTE 3 The correction factors are applicable to ducts buried at depths of up to 0,8 m.

NOTE 4 It is assumed that the soil properties are uniform. No allowance has been made for the possibility of moisture migration which can lead to a region of high thermal resistivity around the cable. If partial drying out of the soil is foreseen, the permissible current rating should be derived by the methods specified in the IEC 60287 series.

## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

**Table B.52.17 – Reduction factors for one circuit or one multi-core cable or for a group of more than one circuit, or more than one multi-core cable, to be used with current-carrying capacities of Tables B.52.2 to B.52.13**

Item	Arrangement (cables touching)	Number of circuits or multi-core cables										To be used with current-carrying capacities, reference		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	12	16	20	
1	Bunched in air; on a surface, embedded or enclosed	1,00	0,80	0,70	0,65	0,60	0,57	0,54	0,52	0,50	0,45	0,41	0,38	B.52.2 to B.52.13 Methods A to F
2	Single layer on wall, floor or unperforated cable tray systems	1,00	0,85	0,79	0,75	0,73	0,72	0,72	0,71	0,70				B.52.2 to B.52.7 Method C
3	Single layer fixed directly under a wooden ceiling	0,95	0,81	0,72	0,68	0,66	0,64	0,63	0,62	0,61				
4	Single layer on a perforated horizontal or vertical cable tray systems	1,00	0,88	0,82	0,77	0,75	0,73	0,73	0,72	0,72				B.52.8 to B.52.13 Methods E and F
5	Single layer on cable ladder systems or cleats etc.	1,00	0,87	0,82	0,80	0,80	0,79	0,79	0,78	0,78				

NOTE 1 These factors are applicable to uniform groups of cables, equally loaded.

NOTE 2 Where horizontal clearances between adjacent cables exceeds twice their overall diameter, no reduction factor need be applied.

NOTE 3 The same factors are applied to:

- groups of two or three single-core cables;
- multi-core cables.

NOTE 4 If a system consists of two- and three-core cables, the total number of cables is taken as the number of circuits, and the corresponding factor is applied to the tables for two loaded conductors for the two-core cables, and to the tables for three loaded conductors for the three-core cables.

NOTE 5 If a group consists of n single-core cables it may either be considered as n/2 circuits or two loaded conductors or n/3 circuits of three loaded conductors.

NOTE 6 The values given have been averaged over the range of conductor sizes and types of installation included in Tables B.52.2 to B.52.13 the overall accuracy of tabulated values is within 5 %.

NOTE 7 For some installations and for other methods not provided for in the above table, it may be appropriate to use factors calculated for specific cases, see for example Tables B.52.20 and B.52.21.

**Table B.52.18 – Reduction factors for more than one circuit, cables laid directly in the ground – Installation method D2 in Tables B.52.2 to B.52.5 – Single-core or multi-core cables**

Number of circuits	Cable to cable clearance <sup>a</sup>				
	NII (cables touching)	One cable diameter	0,125 m	0,25 m	0,5 m
2	0,75	0,80	0,85	0,90	0,90
3	0,65	0,70	0,75	0,80	0,85
4	0,60	0,60	0,70	0,75	0,80
5	0,55	0,55	0,65	0,70	0,80
6	0,50	0,55	0,60	0,70	0,80
7	0,45	0,51	0,59	0,67	0,76
8	0,43	0,48	0,57	0,65	0,75
9	0,41	0,46	0,55	0,63	0,74
12	0,36	0,42	0,51	0,59	0,71
16	0,32	0,38	0,47	0,56	0,68
20	0,29	0,35	0,44	0,53	0,66

\* Multi-core cables



\* Single-core cables



NOTE 1 Values given apply to an installation depth of 0,7 m and a soil thermal resistivity of 2,5 K·m/W. They are average values for the range of cable sizes and types quoted for Tables B.52.2 to B.52.5. The process of averaging, together with rounding off, can result in some cases in errors up to  $\pm 10\%$ . (Where more precise values are required they may be calculated by methods given in IEC 60287-2-1.)

NOTE 2 In case of a thermal resistivity lower than 2,5 K·m/W the corrections factors can, in general, be increased and can be calculated by the methods given in IEC 60287-2-1.

NOTE 3 If a circuit consists of m parallel conductors per phase, then for determining the reduction factor, this circuit should be considered as m circuits.

## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

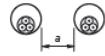
## CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES

Table B.52.19 – Reduction factors for more than one circuit, cables laid in ducts in the ground – Installation method D1 in Tables B.52.2 to B.52.5

Number of cables	A) Multi-core cables in single-way ducts			
	NII (ducts touching)	0,25 m	0,5 m	1,0 m
2	0,85	0,90	0,95	0,95
3	0,75	0,85	0,90	0,95
4	0,70	0,80	0,85	0,90
5	0,65	0,80	0,85	0,90
6	0,60	0,80	0,80	0,90
7	0,57	0,76	0,80	0,88
8	0,54	0,74	0,78	0,88
9	0,52	0,73	0,77	0,87
10	0,49	0,72	0,76	0,86
11	0,47	0,70	0,75	0,86
12	0,45	0,69	0,74	0,85
13	0,44	0,68	0,73	0,85
14	0,42	0,68	0,72	0,84
15	0,41	0,67	0,72	0,84
16	0,39	0,66	0,71	0,83
17	0,38	0,65	0,70	0,83
18	0,37	0,65	0,70	0,83
19	0,35	0,64	0,69	0,82
20	0,34	0,63	0,68	0,82

Number of single-core circuits of two or three cables	B) Single-core cables in non-magnetic single-way ducts			
	NII (ducts touching)	0,25 m	0,5 m	1,0 m
2	0,80	0,90	0,90	0,95
3	0,70	0,80	0,85	0,90
4	0,65	0,75	0,80	0,90
5	0,60	0,70	0,80	0,90
6	0,60	0,70	0,80	0,90
7	0,53	0,66	0,76	0,87
8	0,50	0,63	0,74	0,87
9	0,47	0,61	0,73	0,86
10	0,45	0,59	0,72	0,85
11	0,43	0,57	0,70	0,85
12	0,41	0,56	0,69	0,84
13	0,39	0,54	0,68	0,84
14	0,37	0,53	0,68	0,83
15	0,35	0,52	0,67	0,83
16	0,34	0,51	0,66	0,83
17	0,33	0,50	0,65	0,82
18	0,31	0,49	0,65	0,82
19	0,30	0,48	0,64	0,82
20	0,29	0,47	0,63	0,81

\* Multi-core cables



<sup>b</sup> Single-core cables



NOTE 1 Values given apply to an installation depth of 0,7 m and a soil thermal resistivity of 2,5 K·m/W. They are average values for the range of cable sizes and types quoted for Tables B.52.2 to B.52.5. The process of averaging, together with rounding off, can result in some cases in errors up to ±10 %. Where more precise values are required they may be calculated by methods given in IEC 60287series.

NOTE 2 In case of a thermal resistivity lower than 2,5 K·m/W the corrections factors can, in general, be increased and can be calculated by the methods given in IEC 60287-2.

NOTE 3 If a circuit consists of  $n$  parallel conductors per phase, then for determining the reduction factor this circuit shall be considered as  $n$  circuits.